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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY TECHNICAL MANUAL

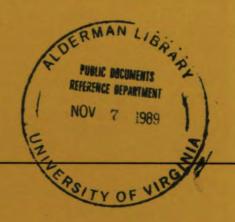
OPERATOR, ORGANIZATIONAL, FIELD AND DEPOT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

SAW, CHAIN GASOLINE DRIVEN; 18 INCH

(L-M MFG. CO. MODEL STRUNK G-3) FSN 3695-765-7757

This copy is a reprint which includes current pages from Changes 2 and 4.







HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
AUGUST 1960
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TECHNICAL MANUAL

Operator, Organizational, Field and Depot Maintenance Manuai

SAW, CHAIN: GASOLINE DRIVEN; 18 INCH (L-M MFG. CO. MODEL STRUNK G-3) FSN 3695-765-7757

TM 5-3695-200-15

Changes No. 8

HEADQUARTERS,
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
WASHINGTON 25, D.C., 17 April 1963

TM 5-3695-200-15, 30 August 1960, is changed as follows:

Page 5 (As changed by C 3, 24 Oct 62) Under "OIL", line 2, delete MIL-L-2104 and substitute: MIL-L-15-16. Under "GAS", line 3, delete MIL-G-3056 and substitute: Regular grade Spec Fed VV-G-76.

Page 6. After title HOW TO START ENGINE (Added) Perform the daily preventive maintenance services, Appendix V.

Page 30.

3. Preventive Maintenance (Added)

AR 748-505	Limited Sta	of En-	
	gineers'	Mechanical	Equip-
	ment.		

AR 750-5	Organization, Policies and R	e-
	sponsibilities for Maintenan	ce
	Operations.	

TM 5-505	Maintenance of Engineer Equi	p
	ment.	

TM	88-750	The	Army	Equipment	Record
		Sy	stem ar	d Procedure	ea.

Page 34.

4. Comments and Suggestions (Superseded)

Suggestions and recommendations for changes to the Basic Issue Items List will be submitted on DA Form 2028 to the Commanding Officer, U. S. Army Mobility Support Center, ATTN: SMOMS-MS, P.O. Box 119, Co-

lumbus 16, Ohio. Direct communication is authorized.

Page 36.

APPENDIX V. Preventive Maintenance Services (Added)

1. General

To insure that the chain saw is ready for operation at all times, it must be inspected systematically, so that defects may be discovered and corrected before they result in serious damage or failure. The necessary Preventive Maintenance Services to be performed are listed and described in paragraphs 2 and 8. The item numbers indicate the sequence of minimum inspection requirements. Defects discovered during operation of the unit shall be noted for future correction, to be made as soon as operation has ceased. Stop operation immediately if a deficiency is noted during operation which would damage the equipment if operation were continued. All deficiencies and shortcomings will be recorded, together with the corrective action taken, on DA Form 2404 at the earliest possible opportunity.

2. Daily Preventive Maintenance Services

This paragraph contains an illustrated tabulated listing of preventive maintenance services which must be performed by the operator. Daily services retain the same item numbers used in Quarterly Preventive Maintenance Services.

^{*} Those changes supersede C 3, 24 October 1962.

Therefore, Daily Preventive Maintenance Services may not be numbered consecutively but should be performed in the numerical sequence as shown to insure complete coverage. Refer to Figure 8.1 for the Daily Preventive Maintenance Services.

3. Quarterly Preventive Maintenance Services

a. This paragraph contains an illustrated

tabulated listing of preventive maintenance services which must be performed by Organiza tional Maintenance personnel at quarterly intervals. A quarterly interval is equal to 3 calendar months, or 250 hours of operation, whichever occurs first.

b. The item numbers are listed consecutively and indicate the sequence of minimum requirements. Refer to Figure 8.2 for the Quarterly Preventive Maintenance Services.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SERVICES

DAILY

TM5 3895-200-15 CHAIN SAW L-M MFG. CO. MODEL STRUNK G-3

ITEM	LUBRICATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT LUBRICATION ORDER	PAR REF
1	HAND PUMP, Inspect pump for wear, damage, and improper oiling. Inspect cover plate oil hole for plugged condition. Clean a dirty oil hole.	
2	STARTER, FAN SHROUD, AND SCREEN. Inspect screen and shroud for accumulations of dirt and sawdust. Clean a dirty screen and shroud.	
5	MUFFLER AND EXHAUST PORT. With muffler removed, inspect the 3 exhaust ports for carbon deposits. Clean dirty exhaust ports. (Weekly)	
6	CHAIN, GUIDE BAR, AND SPROCKET. Inspect these components for insecure mounting, wear, damage, improper alinement, and tension. Align and adjust as necessary.	
7	CHAIN TIGHTENER ASSEMBLY. Inspect tightener for wear, damage, and improper operation.	
9	OIL AND FUEL TANK. Inspect for leaks. Inspect cap and check valve for dirt, damage, and improper venting. Clean a dirty cap and valve. Adjust valve if necessary.	

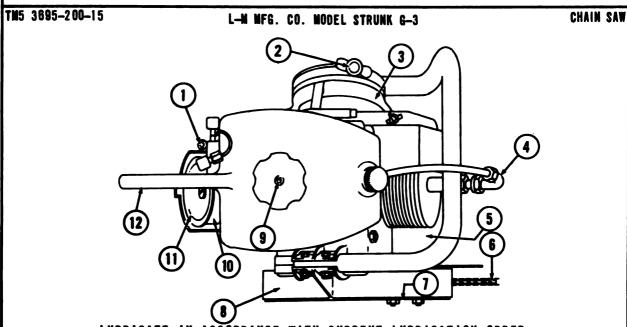
Figure 8.1. (Added) Daily preventive maintenance services.

TEM		PAR RE
10	<u>CARBURETOR.</u> Start engine, inspect for improper operation. Adjust carburetor if necessary.	
11	<u>AIR FILTER</u> . Inspect for accumulations of dirt and sawdust. Clean a dirty filter.	
12	CONTROLS. Inspect the controls for damage. With the unit operating, inspect for improper operation.	
	MOTE 1. OPERATION. During operation observe for any unusual noise or vibration.	
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MSC 3895-200-15/8.1

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PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SERVICES QUARTERLY



ITEM	LUBRICATE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT LUBRICATION ORDER	PAR REF
1	HAND PUMP. Inspect pump for wear, damage, and improper oiling. Inspect cover plate oil hole for plugged condition. Clean a dirty oil hole.	
2	STARTER, FAN SMROUD, AND SCREEN. Inspect recoil starter mechanism for wear, damage, and improper operation. Inspect screen and shroud for accumulations or dirt and sawdust. Clean a dirty screen and shroud.	
3	MAGNETO. With flywheel removed, inspect contacts for burning, pitting and impropar gap. Proper gap is 0.020 inch. (Check adjustment every 500 hours.)	
4	SPARK PLUS AND CABLE. Inspect cable for worn or frayed condition. Inspect plug for cracked porcelain, burned electrode, carbon deposit, and incorrect gap. Correct gap is 0.040 inch. (Check adjustment every 250 hours.)	
5	MUFFLER AND EXHAUST PORT. Inspect muffler for insecure mounting and damage. With muffler removed, inspect the 3 exhaust ports for carbon deposits. Clean dirty exhaust ports.	

Figure 8.2. (Added) Quarterly preventive maintenance services.

ITEM		PAR REF
6	CHAIN, GUIDE BAR, AND SPROCKET. Inspect these components for insecure mounting, wear, damage, improper alignment, and tension. Align and adjust as necessary.	
7	CHAIN TIGHTENER ASSEMBLY. Inspect for damage, and improper operation.	
8.	CLUTCH. Start engine, inspect centrifugal clutch for improper operation.	
9	OIL AND FUEL TANK, inspect for leaks. Inspect cap and check valve for dirt, damage, and improper venting. Clean a dirty cap and valve. Adjust valve if necessary.	
10	CARBURETOR. Inspect for leaks and accumulations of dirt and sawdust. Start engine, inspect for improper operation. Adjust carburetor if necessary.	
11	<u>AIR FILTER.</u> Inspect for accumulations of dirt and sawdust. Clean a dirty filter.	
12	CONTROLS. Inspect the controls for damage. With the unit operating, inspect for improper operation.	
	MOTE 1. OPERATIONAL TEST. During operation observe for any unusual noise or vibration.	
	NOTE 2. ADJUSTMENTS. Make all necessary adjustments during operational test.	

MSC 3695-200-15/8.2

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EARLE G. WHEELER, General, United States Army, Chief of Staff.

Official:

J. C. LAMBERT, Major General, United States Army, The Adjutant General.

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TECHNICAL MANUAL

Operator, Organizational, Field, and Depot Maintenance Manual

SAW, CHAIN: GASOLINE DRIVEN; 18 INCH (L-M MFG. CO. MODEL STRUNK G-3) FSN 3695-765-7757

TM 5-3695-200-15 Changes No. 2 HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON 25, D.C., 14 August 1962

TM 5-3695-200-15, 30 August 1960, is changed as follows:

Page 35, Section II, Basic Issue Items List. Make the following change in item (as added by C 1, 7 July 1961):

Source codes		e codes						Quan-	Quen- tity
Tech- nical service	Source	Mainte- nance	Re- cover- ability	Pederal stock No.	Description	Unit of	Expend- ability	tity	issued with equip- ment
5	P	0		5110 -064-6899	2602.3 SPECIAL TOOLS FILE, CHAIN SAW: round 1/4 in. dia, 8 in. lg. (05665) G318904			1	•

^{*} These changes eupersede C 1, 7 JULY 1961.

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TECHNICAL MANUAL)

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HEADQUARTERS,
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY,
WASHINGTON 25, D. C., 30 August 1960

OPERATOR, ORGANIZATIONAL, FIELD AND DEPOT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

SAW, CHAIN: GASOLINE DRIVEN; 18 INCH (L-M MFG. CO. MODEL STRUNK G-3)

FSN 3695-765-7757

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INTRODUCTION

READ THIS MANUAL CAREFULLY before starting saw. By understanding the manual, the operator will have trouble-free operation for the saw. BO NOT PROPOSITIONAL TREASURED ON THE SAN TRANSPORTED.

DO NOT ABUSE THE SAW.

USE PROPER FUEL MIXTURE.

Refer to Fuel and Lubrication Section for recommended mixtures. (Page 5)

ADEQUATELY LUBRICATE BAR AND CHAIN.

Refer to Fuel and Lubrication Section for recommended lubrication. (Page 5)

KEEP CHAIN SHARP AND MAINTAIN PROPER TENSION.

Refer to Assembly and Filing Instructions. (Pages 3 and 13)

SERVICE THE GUIDE BAR.

Refer to Guide Bar Maintenance Section. (Page 10)

KEEP SAW CLEAN.

Dirt and dust will hamper the operation of the saw by clogging air filter, engine cooling fins and by hiding loose bolts.

TIGHTEN BOLTS DAILY.

Vibration in the engine will cause nuts and bolts to eventually work loose. Check all nuts and bolts after daily use.

IDENTIFYING THE SAW.

The saw is identified by a model number and a serial number. The model number is STRUNK G3, and the serial number is as listed.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

A GOOD CHAIN SAW OPERATOR IS A SAFE OPERATOR. The safe operation of a power saw rests entirely with the operator.

For safe operation, observe the following rules:

- (1) Wear safe clothing. (See Figure 1, this page.)
- (2) The safe way to carry a chain saw is as follows:
 - (a) Keep cutter bar to rear.
 - (b) Never carry saw with chain turning
 - (c) Stop the saw when moving from tree to tree.
- (3) Care should be exercised to avoid the following when operating a chain saw:
 - (a) Stumbling while the chain saw is in operation

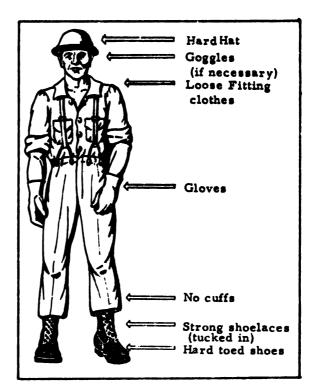


FIGURE 1 - PROPER CLOTHING FOR SAFETY.

- (b) Being cut by the chain while felling or while filing and repairing it.
- (c) Injuries from starting gasoline motors
- (d) Contact with cylinder head or hot muffler.
- (e) Being struck by snags or rolling logs due to inability to hear because of noise of gasoline motor.
- (4) The safe way to start a chain saw is:

Rest the saw on the ground or some flat, solid surface to start. (Do not attempt to start saw by holding it in one hand and pulling the starter cable with the other.)

ASSEMBLING YOUR SAW

ABSOLUTELY DO NOT ASSEMBLE YOUR SAW WITHOUT READING THE INSTRUCTIONS CONCERNING ASSEMBLY, FUEL AND LUBRICATION, HOW TO START ENGINE, HOW TO STOP ENGINE AND THE GENERAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS.

ASSEMBLY

Remove the two nuts (Ref. No. 74); remove sprocket guard plate (Ref. No. 72); remove

spacers (Ref. No. 71); the chain tightener assembly (Ref. No. 68); install the fiber gasket (Ref. No. 65); install guide bar (Ref. No. 66) on studs (Ref. No. 64). Remove the chain (Ref.No.75) from its container and loop over the guide bar (Ref. No. 66) making sure that the cutters on top of the guide bar (Ref. No. 66) are facing forward.

Loop chain (Ref. No. 75) over sprocket (Ref. No. 60). (It may be necessary to slide the guide bar (Ref. No. 66) toward the sprocket (Ref. No. 60). Install steel guide bar gasket (Ref. No. 67) on the studs; reinstall chain tightener (Ref. No. 68); and make sure lug is in guide bar slot.

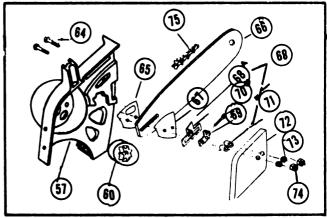


FIGURE 2 - ASSEMBLING CHAIN AND BAR.
(Reference numbers shown on Legend, Figure 29).

Install spacers (Ref. No. 71); sprocket guard plate (Ref. No. 72) and nuts (Ref. No. 74). Tighten nuts lightly, then adjust tension by tightening screw (Ref. No. 70 until chain is as shown on drawing illustrating correct tension (Fig. 3, page 4). Then tighten nuts (Ref. No. 74) securely.

NOTE

A NEW CHAIN WILL STRETCH CONTINUOUSLY DURING FIRST FEW HOURS OF OPERATION. CHECK CHAIN TENSION FREQUENTLY DURING THIS PERIOD.

CHAIN TENSION

DO NOT RUN YOUR SAW WITH A TIGHT CHAIN --- the result will be failure of the guide bar within a few minutes. (See illustration, Fig. 3, page 4 on correct chain tension.)

DO NOT RUN YOUR CHAIN TOO LOOSE --- it will cause damage to the drive links and the rear end of the guide bar.

ASSEMBLING YOUR SAW [CONTINUED]

DO NOT OPERATE YOUR SAW WITH THE ENGINE RUNNING AT A HIGH SPEED UNDER NO LOAD (not actually cutting) as chain damage will result, especially if the chain is loose. A new chain will stretch during the first few hours of operation.

CHECK TENSION ON CHAIN FREQUENTLY DURING THIS PERIOD.

TO ADJUST TENSION ON CHAIN

- 1) Loosen nuts (Ref. 74, Fig. 2, Page 3) holding chain tightener.
- 2) Adjust tension on chain by turning adjusting screw (Ref. No. 70, Figure 2, Page 3) on chain tightener (Ref. No. 68, Figure 2, Page 3).
 - 3) Be sure to tighten chain to proper tension (Figure 3, this page). The opera-

tor should be able to lift bottom of the chain from center of guide bar approximately 1/2". Adjust tension accordingly to get proper clearance.

- 4) Tighten nuts (Ref. No. 74, Figure 2, Page 3) securely, holding chain tightener.
- 5) **NOTE-** A new chain will stretch during first few hours of operation. Check chain clearance (Figure 3, this page) frequently during this period.

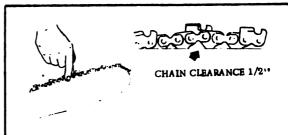


FIGURE 3 - PROPER CHAIN TENSION.

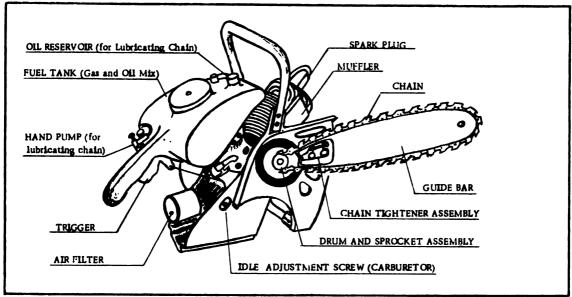


FIGURE 4 - STRUNK G3 CHAIN SAW SHOWING ALL OPERATING CONTROLS.

LUBRICATION

ORDER

LO 5-3695-200-15

SAW, CHAIN; GASOLINE ENGINE DRIVEN, 18 INCH CUT, (L-M MFG CO. STRUNK MODEL G3)

REFERENCE: SM 10-1-C4-1

Intervals are based on normal operations. Reduce to compensate for abnormal operation and severe conditions. During inactive periods sufficient lubrication must be performed for adequate preservation.

Relubricate after washing.

Clean parts with SOLVENT, dry-cleaning, or with OIL, fuel, Diesel. Dry before lubricating.

- KEY -

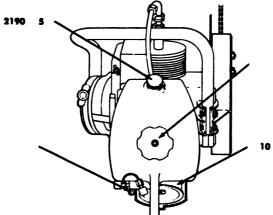
LUBRICANT	CAPACITY	EXPECTED TEMPERATURE			INTERVAL	
	CANCII	Above +32°F	+40°F to -10°F	0°F7065°F	MISKANT	
2190-LUBRICATING OIL, General Purpos	•	2100	2100	0100	Intervals	
Fuel Tank (See note 2.)	I	2190	2190	2190	given are in hours of	
Oil Reservoir	3/16 qt.	2190	2075	2075	normal operation.	

LUBRICANT . INTERVAL

VAL

INTERVAL . LUBRICANT

Guide Bar Oil Reservoir (Check level.)



2190' Fuel Tank (See note 2.)

Guide Bar Oil Pump (Operate pump by hand to keep a film of oil on the chain at all times during operation.)

Air Cleaner (Brush off with wire brush; every 50 hours disassemble, clean in SOLVENT, dry and reassemble. <u>DO NOT Oll.</u>)

NOTES:

- FOR OPERATION OF EQUIPMENT IN PROTRACTED COLD TEMPERATURES BELOW —10°F. Remove lubricants prescribed in the key for temperatures above —10°F. Clean parts with SOLVENT, dry-cleaning. Relubricate with lubricants specified in the key for temperatures below —10°F.
- 2. FUELTANK. Mix thoroughly 3/8 qt. 2190 oil with each gallon of gasoline before pouring into fuel tank.
 CAUTION: Do Not Use Detergent Oil.

Copy of this Lubrication Order will remain with the equipment at all times; instructions contained herein are mandatory.

BY ORDER OF WILBER M. BRUCKER,

SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

L. L. LEMNITZER General, United States Army, Chief of Staff

OFFICIAL:

R. V. LEE Major General, United States Army, The Adjutant General

EMC 3695-200-15/4.1

FUEL and LUBRICATION

Lubrication and proper fuel mixture are essential to the long and useful life of the chain saw. Extreme care should be used that the recommendations for lubrication and fuel mixture be followed accurately, otherwise the engine can be seriously damaged.

ENGINE LUBRICATION

The engine is lubricated by mixing oil with the fuel. There is no oil in the crankcase as in 4cycle engines. Too rich a mixture or too much oil will lessen the power of the saw. Too little or too lean a mixture can cause overheating and scoring of piston and cylinder requiring costly repairs. The oil tank assembly chamber of the tank assembly contains oil for lubricating chain. (See Figure 5, this page) This is separate from the fuel chamber which contains a mixture of gas and oil.

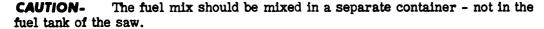
----ENGINE FUEL MIXTURE---

During the break-in period (first 8 hours operation) use:

> 1 pint or 16 ez. oil to each gallon of gasoline.



eil to each gallon of gasoline. % pt. er 12 ez.



It is important that the equivalent of a #30 civilian non-detergent engine oil be used. The proper Military Specification oil for this use is Refer to the current Lubrication Order (LO 5-3695-200-15).

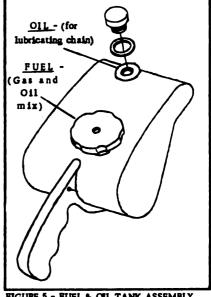
It is likewise important that the equivalent of a civilian non-ethyl (no lead) gasoline be used. ABSOLUTELY DO NOT USE HIGH TEST ETHYL GASOLINE.) The proper Military Specification gasoline for this use is

CHAIN and GUIDE BAR LUBRICATION

The oil reservoir, located in the front part of the gas tank, is a constant source of oil for lubrication of chain and guide. Use your pump to provide sufficient oil to keep the chain and guide constantly lubricated during operation. Before starting saw, be sure to pump oil on bar and chain.

Refer to the current Lubrication Order (LO 5-3695-200-15).

Keep oil reservoir filled at all times. Do not run chain and guide with-CAUTIONout oil. Use clean oil only. -5-



FACTS ON THE ENGINE

FUEL MIXTURE	See instructions on Page 5.
ENGINE SPEED	
MAGNETO POINT SETTING	020 inch
SPARK PLUG GAP	040 inch
MUFFLER & EXHAUST PORTS	.Clean after every 50 hrs. use.
SPARK PLUG	AR6S
FUEL TANK CAPACITY	. 4 0 oz.
OIL RESERVOIR CAPACITY	6 oz.

GENERAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

HOW TO START ENGINE Le of 4 allo

Open gas shut-off valve (Ref. 7, Fig. 30, page 24) located on bottom of gas tank. Operate oil hand pump plunger until oil is seen at guide bar.

- 1. Move choke lever to choke position.
- 2. Turn toggle switch located on air shroud to "on" position (Ref. 49, Fig. 30, Page 24.)
- 3. With right hand, grasp the trigger holding it back. Rest knee against gas tank. With left hand, pull rewind starter back. When starting engine, it is important to know how to use starter. It is not to be pulled suddenly back with a powerful jerk. Instead, first pull gradually back, approx. 3" until starter engagesthen, with continuous movement, pull straight backwards approximately 1' more.
- 4. After engine starts and as it warms up gradually open choke by moving choke lever forward.

5. After engine heats up, choking is not necessary for restarting. Flooding will be caused by too much choking. Should engine flood, continue cranking with choke open (in off position) and with valve at tank shut off, until engine starts.

HOW TO STOP ENGINE

Turn toggle switch, located on air shroud (Ref. #49, Fig. 30, page 24) to "off" position.

IMPORTANT

At end of each day's operation, close fuel shut off valve and let engine run until it stops. This uses up all the fuel in the carburetor and permits easy starting the next time the saw is used.



FIGURE 6 - FELLING



FIGURE 7 - BUCKING

GENERAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS [Continued]

CUTTING

A safe rule to follow when cutting with a chain saw is: If you cannot make a cut with a crosscut saw, you cannot cut it with a chain saw. In other words, if the tree or log will bind on you with a crosscut saw, it will bind with a chain saw.

POSITIONS OF CUTTING

The Model STRUNK G3 Chain Saw is equipped with a Fuel Pump Diaphragm Carburetion System which permits cutting in all positions, even upside down.

HOW TO CUT WITH THE SAW

Pull the trigger back to full throttle. The saw is designed to give effortless cutting. It is not necessary to bear down on the log with great force trying to force the chain through. Keep the engine speed up and allow the chain to cut its own way through the log.

(If too tight, air is not admitted and a vacuum forms, stopping fuel flow.)

This will allow the saw to run for a short time and stop. A quick check would be to loosen the cap and operate the saw ---if it operates properly, the check valve should be loosened a quarter turn and the cap tightened.

In case of excessive fuel drip through the valve, tighten only one-eighth turn at a time until drip is lessened.

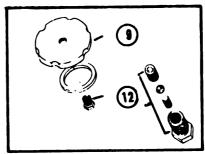


FIGURE 8 - GAS CAP & CHECK VALVE ASSY.
(Reference numbers shown on Legend, Figure 29).

IMPORTANT

The check valve (Ref. No. 12, Fig. 8, this page) is located in the fuel tank cap (Ref. No. 9, Figure 8, this page) and admits air into the tank without fuel splashing out, as it would through a vent hole.

See that the screw top part of the check valve is not screwed too tightly against the ball in the valve. This screw should be open approximately one and one-half turns so there is a slight drip when fuel is against it.

CENTRIFUGAL CLUTCH

The Model STRUNK G3 Chain Saw has a Centrifugal Clutch. When the engine idles, the clutch does not engage, as the engine speed increases, the clutch engages. If the chain is caught in a pinch or bind, the engine speed is reduced and the clutch disengages. Do not speed up the engine until you have relieved the bind to prevent damage to the clutch, necessitating replacement.

MAINTENANCE

IMPORTANT-Tighten all bolts after each day's use.

These service and maintenance instructions are sufficient only for adjustment and maintenance.

ENGINE MAINTENANCE

AIR FILTER

The engine must have clean air to operate properly. A dirty air filter cuts down the efficiency of the engine by decreasing the flow of air. Brush the air filter daily with a bristle brush to remove sawdust and dirt. Once a week, the filter element should be removed and rinsed in clean gasoline, then dried thoroughly before replacing it on saw. Do not tighten the air filter too tightly as it will restrict the flow of air.

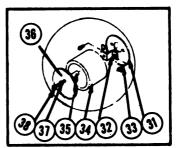


FIGURE 9 - AIR FILTER ASSEMBLY.
(Reference numbers shown on Legend, Figure 30.)

CARBURETOR MAINTENANCE and ADJUSTMENTS

Carburetor maintenance is restricted to adjustment of the Idle Mixture Adjustment Needle and the Main Mixture Adjustment Needle, (See Figure 10, this page) and maintaining the carburetor in a clean condition. Follow the general rules prescribed for cleanliness of parts in doing this.

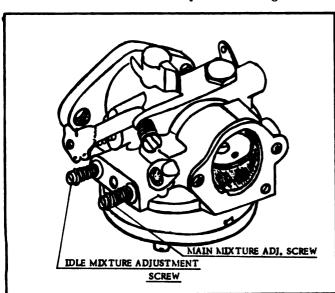


FIGURE 10 - CARBURETOR, SHOWING POINTS OF ADJUSTMENT.

- 1) The usual setting of the Idle Mixture Adjustment Needle Screw is approximately 3/4 turn open from fully closed. (See Figure 10, this page).
- 2) The usual setting of the Main Mixture Adjustment Needle Screw (See Figure 10, this page) is 1 1/4 turns open from fully closed. To check the setting, warm up the engine for several minutes. If the saw runs unevenly or lacks power, the adjustment is too rich; gradually turn screw clockwise until engine levels out and pulls best in cut. Usually the best setting is 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 turns open.

Too lean a mixture will give insufficient lubrication and damage the engine.

MAINTENANCE [CONTINUED]

CARBURETOR [CONTINUED]

Starting the saw when cold with a diaphragm carburetor requires long choking, since the diaphragm must pump fuel in before the engine will start. In starting an engine that has been running for some time, the use of the choke lever varies with the length of time the engine was stopped.

Warming an engine is necessary only until the engine pulls well in a cut at full throttle.

SPARK PLUG

The spark plug should be cleaned periodically. A dirty plug makes starting hard and lessens power. Gap setting should be .040. When in doubt about the condition of a plug, replace with a new one.

MUFFLER and EXHAUST PORT

Muffler and exhaust ports must be cleaned every 50 hours of engine use to prevent loss of power in the engine. To clean cylinder exhaust ports, remove the muffler (Ref. No. 44, Fig. 29 Page 22). Remove the spark plug (Ref. No. 14, Fig. 30, Page 24) and crank starter until piston is at bottom of its stroke, with a blunt instrument. Scrape carbon from the 3 cylinder exhaust openings so they are completely clear and remove carbon from exhaust chamber.



FIGURE 11 - CLEANING EXHAUST PORTS.

Blow out the loosened carbon by pulling starter through several times.

ENGINE CLEANLINESS

To prevent engine damage and to facilitate inspection, maintain cleanliness of the engine at all times.

An easy method of cleaning the engine is with compressed air, or by brushing it off with a stiff bristle brush.

Clean air filter regularly (See page 8, (Engine Maintenance, Air Filter) of these instructions).

OILING SYSTEM MAINTENANCE

It is important that there be a constant flow of oil on the chain when the saw is in operation.

The small hole in the cover plate (Ref. No. 57, Fig. 29, Page 22) which directs the oil to the guide bar should be checked daily to insure that it is not plugged.

MAINTENANCE CONTINUED

GENERAL SERVICE INFORMATION on PUMPS

The pump assembly, as shown in the drawing (Figure 13, this page) is dependent upon the action of two check valves. As assembled at the factory, these valves are set at proper tension and the ball is fitted to the seat.

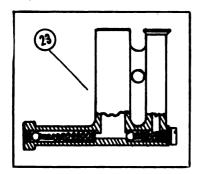


FIGURE 12 - OIL PUMP CUTAWAY

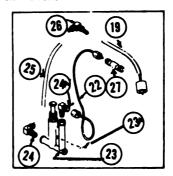


FIGURE 13 - OILING SYSTEM PARTS

(REFERENCE NUMBERS SHOWN ON LEGEND, FIGURE 29, PAGE 22.)

If the spring tension is incorrect, or dirt is introduced into the pump, the pump will not operate properly. In case of failure, remove the pump, then remove elbow assembly (Ref. No. 24, Figure 13, this page) and the screw at the opposite end of the pump body (Ref. No 23A, Figure 13, this page). This exposes both balls and springs for removal and cleaning in an approved cleaning solvent.

CHAIN MAINTENANCE

IMPORTANT KEEP YOUR CHAIN SHARP

It takes only a few minutes to touch up the chain. A chain should be sharpened lightly after each full day of use. Follow the directions in this manual for chain sharpening (Page 13). BE SURE TO USE A ROUND CHAIN SAW FILE, SIZE 1/4".

A properly sharpened chain will produce clean shavings when cutting. Always look for these. If instead of shavings, the chain is throwing out dust - the chain is not properly sharpened.

GUIDE BAR

To insure the long life of your guide bar, be sure that it is properly lubricated at all times. Reverse the bar after every eight hours use in order to have uniform wear

MAINTENANCE [CONTINUED]

GUIDE BAR [CONTINUED]

on both sides. Watch for uneven wear or spreading of guide bar rails. Clean the guide bar groove periodically, as dirt and grime cause excessive wear.

There are three major forms of guide bar wear which will be noticed completely around the guide bar.

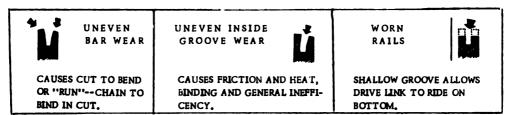


FIGURE 14 - THREE TYPES OF GUIDE BAR WEAR.

In addition to these points of normal maintenance, "dressing" your guide bar with a flat file whenever required will further add to its life. This is necessary as the guide bar rail surface must be flat and uniform if the proper support of the chain is to be maintained.

If guide bar rails are not flat and uniform, chipping can result from the rough edges on the rails.

"Dress" your guide bar with a 12" smooth, flat file as soon as top of the rails are not uniform or whenever any thin edges appear along sides of guide bar rails. Tops of rails must be square with each other and square with side surface of the guide bar.

FILING YOUR GUIDE BAR IS A NECESSARY MAINTENANCE OPERATION.

MAINTENANCE of CHAIN, GUIDE BAR and SPROCKET

Satisfactory performance of your Model STRUNK G3 Chain Saw depends on your Chain, Guide Bar and Sprocket being in top notch condition. Keep your chain sharp (See Filing Instructions, Page 13) and be sure that depth gauges are set properly (Figure 18, Page 13)

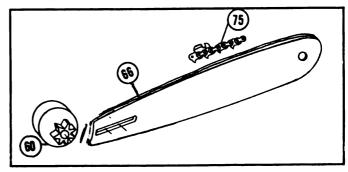


FIGURE 15 - SPROCKET, GUIDE BAR and CHAIN. (Reference numbers shown on Legend, Figure 29).

MAINTENANCE [CONTINUED]

MAINTENANCE of CHAIN, GUIDE BAR and SPROCKET [CONTINUED]

When repairing a used chain, use correct parts and check for proper tension, fit and direction of parts.

File back new cutters and depth gauges to match old parts. Avoid attempting to repair excessively worn chain.

See that bar channel is deep enough so that drive links do not ride on bottom of channel and prevent chain from seating properly. Keep sawdust out of bar grooves as it can damage chain by building up, causing chain to stretch.

CORRECT BAR GROOVE DEPTH

- 1. Minimum bar groove depth should be 3/8".
- 2. When groove is too shallow, drive links ride on bottom of bar groove channel, and do not allow tie straps to ride on bar rails.
- Replace with new bar if bar groove is too shallow.



FIGURE 16 - CORRECT BAR GROOVE DEPTH.

DO NOT USE A BADLY WORN OR DAMAGED SPROCKET.

Do not put a new chain on a used sprocket. Install a new sprocket at the same time for proper operation.

REMEMBER-

Your Model STRUNK G3 Chain Saw is only as good as the condition of your Chain, Bar and Sprocket and the maintenance and care given to these important components of your chain saw.

YOUR CHAIN SAW CAN ONLY CUT WELL WITH:

- (1) A SHARP, PROPERLY FILED CHAIN.
- (2) A BAR WELL LUBRICATED AND PROPERLY MAINTAINED.
- (3) A SPROCKET IN GOOD CONDITION.

FILING INSTRUCTIONS

V

Always hold your file in one position, that is horizontal (level with the cutter plate), and at a 45° angle to the chain.



REMEMBER- The tooth is simple to file. Just hold file in one position . . . level and at a 45° angle to the cutting tooth . . . and use firm, even filing strokes.



FIGURE 17 - CORRECT ANGLE ON CUTTING CHAIN.



Use only a 1/4" round straight (not rattail) file.

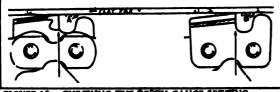


FIGURE 18 - CHECKING THE DEPTH GAUGE SETTING.



To check depth gauge clearances "A" and "B" lay a straight edge (such as a flat file) on top of two cutters and measure with a feeler gauge.



Depth gauge clearance is shown at "A" and "B". As the teeth of the chain are filed back, the depth gauges on the chain must be filed down to maintain clearances "A" and "B".



IN NO CASE IS A CLEARANCE OF MORE THAN .025 OR LESS THAN .020 INCH RECOMMENDED.

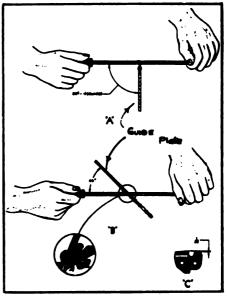


FIGURE 19 - CORRECT POSITION OF FILE IN SHARPENING CHAIN,

To sharpen chain, use a 1/4" round chain saw file. Initially the only filing necessary will be to sharpen the front angle of the cutting chain. Hold file level at an angle of approximately 45° as shown in "A" and "B".

Two or three firm forward strokes of the file will put a keen cutting edge on tooth. When filing exert a slight upward pressure so that radius of the file will sharpen top cutting edge.



As the cutting teeth wear, it will be necessary to "joint" or file down rider in front of tooth. The rider governs depth of chip each tooth pulls, and is ground at the factory .020 inch below front cutting edge of tooth, "C". As tooth wears back, this front cutting edge of tooth automatically lowers due to the clearance angle on top of tooth; to maintain difference between tooth and rider, rider should be lowered.

DIS-ASSEMBLY, RE-ASSEMBLY AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

NOTE— To service the clutch and magneto, a piston stop must be utilized to prevent piston from moving. Piston stop should be screwed into the spark plug opening and extend down at least one-half inch into the cylinder. This will prevent the piston from completing its cycle.

TO MAKE A PISTON STOP

Break off the porcelain from an old plug, insert a piece of steel or bar stock through the center of the plug and braze. The steel should extend one-half inch beyond plug threads.

We do not recommend a punch or screwdriver through exhaust ports, as this method of stopping the piston

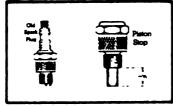


FIGURE 20 - PISTON STOP

very often damages the piston and cylinder assembly.

TO REMOVE CLUTCH

Remove chain tightener, gasket, chain guard, guide bar and chain. (Reference numbers 68, 67, 65, 66 and 75, Figure 29, Page 22.)

Take 5/8 box end wrench and place on nut at end of crankshaft. (This nut has a left hand thread). Have unused end of the wrench pointed toward front of saw and strike the end of the wrench sharply with a hammer. (This nut must be loosened by impact, and the purpose of these blows is to create a sharp impact to break the nut loose). (Or use piston stop as shown in Figure 20, this page). After nut is removed, next remove large sprocket washer (Ref. No. 62, Figure 21, this page) and the drum and sprocket assembly (Ref. Nos. 61 and 60, Figure 21, this page). (At this point, extreme care should be exercised to

note the number of shims beyond the bushing and bearing against the clutch. (Ref. Nos. 55 and 56, Figure 21, this page). These shims should be replaced exactly in the order that they are removed, providing the same clutch is being replaced. If a new clutch is being replaced, follow instructions on number and placement of shims.

Next remove the clutch (Ref. Nos. 54, 52 and 53, Figure 21, this page) and also remove the key (Ref. No. 51, Figure 21, this page). Do not remove the spacers that are behind the clutch --- leave in exactly the same position as found.

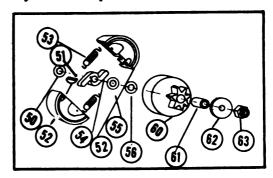


FIGURE 21 - CLUTCH AND SPROCKET ASSEMBLY. (Reference numbers shown on Legend, Figure 29.)

If a new clutch is required, it is extremely necessary that in replacing, the proper number of shims be placed on the shaft after the clutch is put on. The purpose of the shims is as follows:

It is extremely necessary that the bronze bushing upon which the clutch drum and sprocket rotates is held solid to the crankshaft. This is done by seeing that the bushing protrudes very slightly (a few thousandths) over

DIS-ASSEMBLY, RE-ASSEMBLY AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS [CONTINUED]

TO REMOVE CLUTCH [CONTINUED]

the shoulder of the crankshaft before the washer is put on. A quick test for this is to place the bushing on the shaft and see that it protrudes very slightly. It can be further tested by placing the bushing and

the sprocket washer and the nut in position and seeing that when the nut is tightened, the bushing has sufficient pressure from the sprocket to hold it constant. (See Figure 21, page 14). It should not protrude too greatly as with tightening the nut, it is possible to belly the bushing so that the drum and sprocket assembly do not ride freely on the OD of the bronze bushing.

TO REPLACE CLUTCH

BE SURE TO REPLACE THE CLUTCH WITH SAME FACE OUT AS EXISTED BEFORE REMOVAL.

After tightening all parts,
the means of tightening the
nut is as follows: It can be
done by impact, as it was
removed, except by driving the wrench in
the reverse direction. To make a more
positive check, the starter assembly
can be removed by the four bolts holding
it to the shroud and the nut on the magneto and shaft can be held by a wrench
while the sprocket is tightened.

TO REMOVE MAGNETO FLYWHEEL

Remove bolts holding air shroud (Ref. 51, Fig. 30, page 24). Disconnect "off and on" switch (Ref. 49, Fig. 30, Page 24). Next remove flywheel fan by removing the crankshaft nut. Reinstall the crankshaft nut halfway on crankshaft.

Then strike nut sharply with a wooden hammer or leather mallet until magneto flywheel (See Figure 22, this page) comes loose from taper on shaft. A piece of wood may be used by placing it on top of the nut,

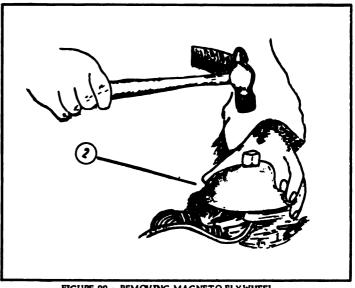


FIGURE 22 - REMOVING MAGNETO FLY WHEEL.
(Reference numbers shown on Legend, Figure 33.)

and hitting same with a steel hammer. This will expose condenser, breaker points and coil assembly. (See Figure 23, page 16).

TIMING THE ENGINE

NOTE:- The hub of the upper bearing cage is machined to fit the bore of the stator plate (See Figure 23, page 16). Be sure the stator plate is completely down on this pilot surface.

Loosen stator plate screws and turn the stator plate clockwise as far as is possible. Tighten the stator plate screws. This places the stator plate in proper position. (See Figure 23, page 16.)

DIS-ASSEMBLY, RE-ASSEMBLY AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS [CONTINUED]

TIMING THE ENGINE [CONTINUED]

Breaker point gap should be set at .020. Set points with cam follower at highest point of breaker cam. (See Figure 23, this page).

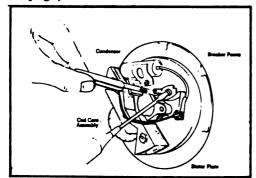


FIGURE 23 - SETTING BREAKER POINTS

CRANKSHAFT SEALS

The crankshaft seals, (Ref. 15, Fig. 30) located on the powerhead behind the ball bearing assembly (Ref. 12, Fig. 30) and on the center of the support plate (Ref. 41, Fig. 30) must maintain close sealing contact on the crankshaft in order to prevent loss of pressure from the crankcase. The inside diameter of the seals must be a minimum of .003 less than the outside diameter of the crankshaft where they fit. Replace if necessary.

REED PLATE

The reed plate is situated between the carburetor adapter and the crankcase. The reeds must lie flat to prevent loss of pressure from the crankcase when the

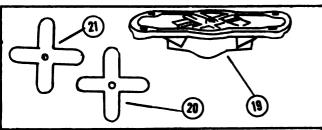


FIGURE 24 - REED PLATE ASSEMBLY
(Reference numbers shown on Legend, Figure 30.)

piston is in its downward stroke. Should the engine lack power, or be hard to start, inspect the reed plate to see if reeds are flat.

Remove all dirt which may have collected under the reeds. Reeds must seat tightly against the reed plate throughout their entire length with the least possible initial tension. A simple way to check for proper seating of the reeds is to blow and draw air through them with the mouth as you would play a harmonica.

Replace cracked, broken or warped reeds.



FIGURE 25 - CHECKING REED STOP SETTING.

Proper Reed Stop Setting is 3/16".

CARBURETOR DIS-ASSEMBLY

Carburetor disassembly is not recommended as a service function in the field

If difficulty with the carburetor cannot be corrected by the adjustment of the Main Mixture Adjusting Screw and the Idle Mixture Adjusting Screw (See Fig. 10, page 8 and Fig. 31, page 26) it is recommended that the carburetor be replaced.

DIS-ASSEMBLY, RE-ASSEMBLY AND SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS [CONTINUED]

STARTER

(refer to Figure 26, below)

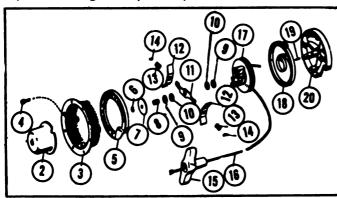


FIGURE 26 - STARTER PARTS (Reference numbers shown on Legend, Figure 32.)

DIS-ASSEMBLY

- 1) Loss of spring (Ref. 8, Fig. 26) can be avoided by holding washer (Ref. 7, Fig. 26) in position with the hand while removing Truarc retaining ring (Ref. 6, Fig. 26) with a screwdriver.
- 2) Remove the following parts and assembly: Large Washer (Ref.7, Fig.26); Spring (Ref. 8, Fig.26); Washers (Ref. 9,10, Fig.26); Friction Shoe Assy. (Ref. 11,12,13,14, Fig.26); Washers (Ref. 10,9, Fig. 26).
- 3) To prevent spring rotation of rotor (Ref. 17, Fig.26) cord can be held while removing the 4 screws. Continue to hold assembly and remove flanges (Ref.3,5,Fig.26). Now the tension on the rewind spring can be relieved by releasing hold and allowing spring to rewind.

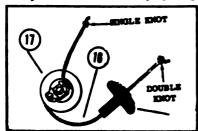


FIGURE 27 - CORD REPLACEMENT.
(Reference numbers shown on Legend, Fig. 32).

When installing a new cord (Ref.16, Fig.26) in rotor (Ref.17, Fig.26) tie single knot in end.

Thread cord through rotor hole. Then wind rope on rotor. Replace handle (Ref. 15, Fig. 26) tying with a double knot.

REWIND SPRING REPLACEMENT

Starting with the inside loop, remove Spring (Ref. 18, Fig. 26) from cover (Ref. 20, Fig. 26) by pulling out one loop at a time, holding back rest of turns. When replacing with new spring, note position of spring loop. Spring holders furnished with replacement springs simplify the assembly procedure. Place spring in proper position as shown with the outside loop engaged around the pin. Then press spring into cover cavity, thus releasing the spring holder. A few drops of SAE #20 or #30 oil should then be applied to spring and light grease to cover shaft.

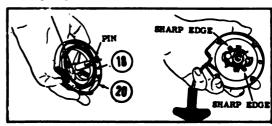


FIGURE 28 - ENGINE ROTATION VIEW FROM STARTER SIDE. (Reference numbers shown on Legend, Pigure 32.)

ASSEMBLY

- 1) Place rotor (Ref.17, Fig.26) complete with cord and handle, into cover (Ref.20, Fig.26) and hook inside loop of spring (Ref.18, Fig.26) to rotor with aid of screwdriver.
- 2) Replace the following parts and assembly: Washers (Ref.9,10,Fig.26); Friction Shoe Assy. (Ref.11,12,13,14, Fig.26); Washers (Ref.10,9, Fig.26); Spring (Ref. 8, Fig.26) Large Washer (Ref. 7,Fig. 26); Truarc Retaining Ring (Ref. 6,Fig.26).
- 3) Starter cord is now completely wound on rotor. IMPORTANT: Two additional turns are then added in same direction for pretension.
- 4) Holding cord, the following parts are replaced: Flanges (Ref. 5, 3, Fig. 26) and Screws (Ref. 4, Fig. 26)

CHECK CHART

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Failure of engine to start	No fuel in tank	Fill tank with pro- per mixture (see fuel)
	Shut-off valve closed	Open
	Fuel lines clogged with dirt and dust	Remove shut-off valve and clean
		Remove screen in carburetor at fuel inlet connection and clean.
	Main adjustment needle set too lean	Loosen main adjust- ment lock nut and set screw. (see carbure- tor adjustments)
	Flooded	Turn main adjustment screw clockwise until closed. Crank engine until it starts, then turn screw counter-clockwise approx. one turn open.
	Spark Plug shorted or fouled	Clean. Reset to .040 or replace
	"Off-On" switch shorting or wire grounded	Replace or repair wire
	Spark plug broken (cracked porcelain or electrodes broken)	Replace spark plug
	Magneto lead wire shorted, broken or disconnected	Replace lead wire or attach to spark plug
	Magneto ground wire cut or broken	Replace ground wire
	Magneto ground wire disconnected from shorting switch grounding against metal engine parts.	Reinstall

CHECK CHART [CONTINUED]

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Failure of engine to start (continued)	Magneto inoperative (no spark from lead wire)	Service magneto. Check point setting - should be .020.
	Condenser dead	Replace
	Coil dead	Replace

(Any one or a combination of the above will make the engine fail to start.)

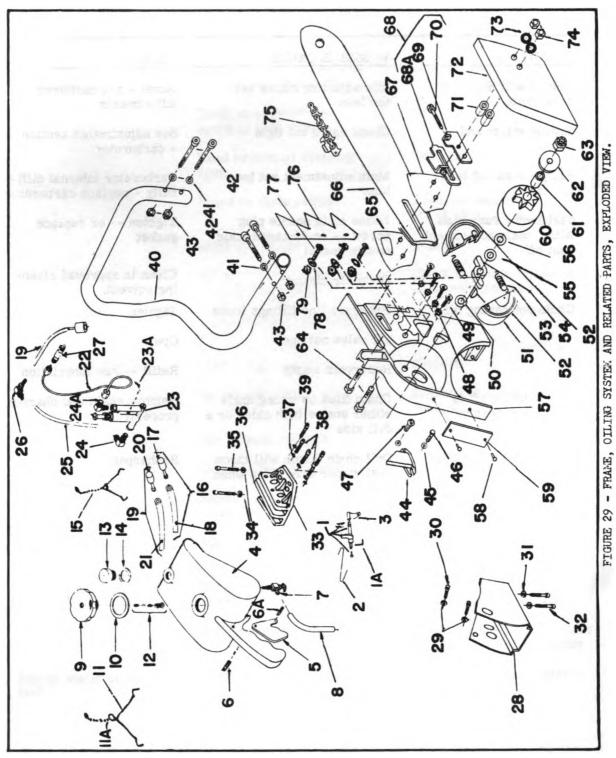
Engine hard to start	Water in gasoline or stale fuel mixture	Drain entire fuel system, refill with fresh oil. (see Fuel)
	Too much oil in fuel mixture	Drain and refill with correct mixture
	Engine over or under choked	If flooded by over choking see instructions under "flooded"
		If underchoked, choke and pull starter rope two or three times.
	Carburetor out of adjustment	See adjustments section
	Gasket leaks carburetor or reed plate	Replace gaskets
	Spark plug fouled, shorted or broken	Clean or replace
	Weak spark at lead wire	Service magneto
	Reed broken or standing open	Replace with new reed
Engine misses	Dirt in fuel line or carburetor	Remove and clean
	Improper carburetor adjust- ment.	See adjustments section

CHECK CHART [CONTINUED]

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Engine misses (continued)	Spark plug fouled, broken or incorrect gap setting	Clean or replace. Set gap to .040''
	Weak or intermittent spark at lead wire	Service magneto
	Reed broken or standing open	Replace with new reed
	Burnt or dirty points	Clean or replace. Set at .020
	Weak condenser	Replace
	Intermittent shorting in magneto assembly	Check for loose wires or loose assemblies
	Coil breaking down under heat	Replace
Engine lacks power	Worn piston rings	Replace
	Worn reed plate	Replace (see service, reed plates)
	Air cleaner clogged	Clean air cleaner
	Carburetor out of adjustment	See adjustments section
	Muffler or exhaust ports closed	Remove carbon. See engine maintenance
Engine overheats	Main adjustment too lean	See carburetion - adjust- ments section
	Insufficient oil in fuel mixture	Mix fuel as shown in instructions on starting
	Air flow obstructed	Clean flywheel and cylind fins and screen on starter
Engine stalls under oad	Carburetor adjustment too lean	See adjustments section carburetor

CHECK CHART [CONTINUED]

		
CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
Engine will not accelerate	Idle adjusting screw set too lean	Reset - see carburetor adjustments
Engine starts and stops	Check valve too tight	See adjustments section - carburetor
Engine runs out lean in cut	Main adjustment set too lean	Carburetor internal difficulty - replace carburetor
Carburetor runs rich with main adjustment shut off	Loose main nozzle plug screw or damaged main nozzle gasket	Tighten or replace gasket
	Dirty air cleaner	Clean in approved clean- ing solvent.
Chain not getting oil	Pressure line fittings loose	Tighten
	Oil valve not open	Open
	Reservoir ampty	Refill see lubrciation
Chain cutting off to one side excessively	Chain filed on wrong angle either one or both sides or a dull side	Remove chain and sharper properly
Excessive vibration in saw	Dull chain (chain will throw dust rather than chips when dull.)	Resharpen



-22-

FIGURE 29 - FRAME, OILING SYSTEM AND RELATED PARTS, EXPLODED VIEW--CONTINUED

1	BELL CRANK ASSEMBLY	36	NUTS, HEX
14	BELL CRANK THROTTLE LINK	37	LOCK WASHER, INT. SHKPRF.
2	THROTTLE WERE 3 3/4"	38	SCREW, S. H.
8	BELL CRANK BRACKET	39	SCREW, H. H.
4	gas tank	40	HANDLE BAR, ALUMINUM
5	TRIGGER	41	WASHER, LOCK, INTERNAL
6	SPRING PIN, SEL LOC		SHAKEPROOF
	1/4 X 7/8	42	BOLT, H. H.
6A	SPRING PIN, SEL LOC	43	NUT, H. H.
	1/8 X 3/8	44	MUFFLER.
7	VALVE, SHUT OFF	45	LOCK WASHER, INTERNAL
8	GAS LINE - 9"		SHAKEPROOF
9	GAS CAP ASSEMBLY	46	SCREWS, H. H.
10	GASKET, GAS CAP	47	SCREWS, F. H., SEMS
11	HOLDER, SPRING CLIP	48	LOCK WASHER, COUNTER-
	GAS CAP		SUNK
11A	SPACER	49	SCREW, S. H.
12	CHECK VALVE	50	SPACER, STEEL .037
13	OEL CAP BODY	51	WOODRUFF KEY
14	OEL CAP GASKET	52	CLUTCH SHOES
15	OIL CAP HOLDER -SPRING CLIP	53	SPRING, CLUTCH
16	SNAKE ASSEMBLY, GAS	54	FLANGE, CLUTCH
17	SNAKE WEIGHT, WITH		CLUTCH ASSEMBLY
	FILTER	55	SPACERS, .010
18	Snake Hose, 3 1/4"	56	SPACERS, .005
19	SNAKE ASSEMBLY, OIL	67	COVER PLATE
20	Snake weight, oll	58	DRIVE SCREWS
21	SNAKE HOSE 6"	59	MODEL PLATE
22	OIL LINE ASSEMBLY	60	DRUM AND SPROCKET
23	PUMP ASSEMBLY		ASSEMBLY
23A	SCREW, SEMS, 10-24X3/8	61	BUSHING, BRONZE
24	ELBOW FITTING	62	Washer, flat
	W/BALL SEAT	63	NUT, FLEX LOC
24A	ELBOW FITTING	64	screws, H. H.
25	OIL LINE 8"	65	COVER PLATE GASKET
26	ELBOW FITTING -	66	GUIDE BAR
	BARBED	67	GUIDE BAR GASKET
27	STRAIGHT FITTING	68	Chain tightener assy.
28	LOWER BRACKET AND CAR-	A88	SLIDING BRACKET
	BURET OR SHIELD ASSEMBLY	69	STATIONERY BRACKET
29	LOCK WASHER, INTERNAL	70	SCREW, F. H.
	SHAKEPROOF	71	SPA CERS
30	screws, H. H.	72	SPROCKET COVER PLATE
31	LOCK WASHER, INTERNAL	73	WASHER
	SHAKEPROOF	74	nuts, H. H.
32	SCREWS, F. H.	75	CHAIN
33	UPPER BRACKET	76	ABUTMENT PLATE
34	LOCK WASHER, INTERNAL	77	SCREW, F. H. SLOTTED
	SHAKEPROOF	78	LOCK WASHER, INT.SHKPRF.
36	screws, H. H.	79	NUTS, HEX

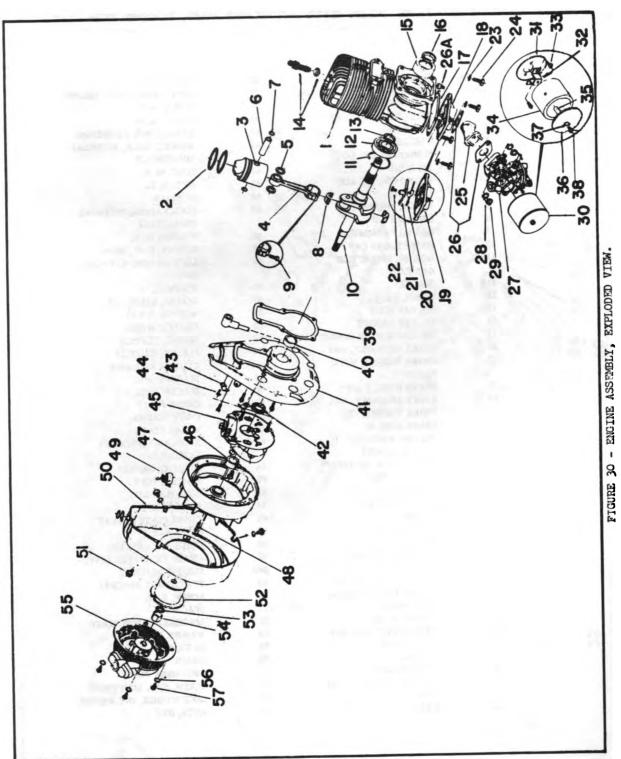


FIGURE 30 - ENGINE ASSEMBLY, EXPLODED VIEW--CONTINUED

1	POWERHEAD ASSEMBLY	29	HEX NUT 1/4-20
2	PISTON RINGS (2)	30	AIR FILTER ASSEMBLY
3	PISTON	•	(including Ref. 31-38)
4	CONNECTING ROD	81	AIR FILTER BASE
5	THRUST WASHER -	32	AIR FILTER BRACKET
	CONNECTING ROD	33	SCREWS, SEMS, FH
6	PISTON PIN	•	W/WASHER
7	RETAINING RINGS (2) -	34	AIR FILTER
	PISTON PIN	35	AIR FILTER SPACER
8	NEEDLE BEARINGS	36	AIR FILTER COVER
9	SCREWS, CONNECTING	37	LOCKWASHER 3/16"
	ROD(2)	38	SCREWS, SEMS, FH
10	CRA NKSHAFT	39	GASKET, SUPPORT PLATE
11	RETAINING RING -	40	SUPPORT PLATE, NEEDLE
	CRANKSHAFT		BEARING
12	BALL BEARING -	41	SUPPORT PLATE ASSEMBLY
	CRANKSHAFT	42	Crankshaft seal, Fly-
13	RETAINING RING, CRANK-		WHEEL END
	SHAPT BEARING	43	CLIP, CABLE (2)
14	SPANK PLUG ARSS	44	SCREW, FH, SEMS
••	CRANKSHAFT SEAL AND	45	STATOR PLATE ASSEMBLY
	COLLAR ASSEMBLY '		(See Magneto)
15	COLLAR ONLY	46	Breaker Cam (See
16	seal, non loaded		Magneto)
17	GASKET, REED PLATE	47	FLY WHEEL (See
18	REED PLATE ASSEMBLY		Magneto)
	(Including 19,20,21 and 22)	48	FLYWHEEL KEY (See
19	REED PLATE BODY		Magneto)
20	REED	49	TOGGLE SWITCH
21	REED GUARD	50	AIR SHROUD, ALUMINUM
22	SCREW W/WASHER	51	screws, H.H. W/Washer
23	LOCK WASHER 1/4"	52	STARTER CUP (See Starter)
24	screw, H. H.	53	Washer 7/16" Shake-
25	CARBURETOR ADAPTER		PROOF
26	GASKET, CARBURETOR	54	11/16X20 HEX NUT, -
	ADAPTER		L, H.
26A	screw, S. H.	55	STARTER ASSEMBLY
27	CARBURETOR		(See Starter)
00	(See Carburetor)	56	WASHER, LOCK, 3/16"
28	LOCK WASHER, 1/4"	57	SCREW, F. H.

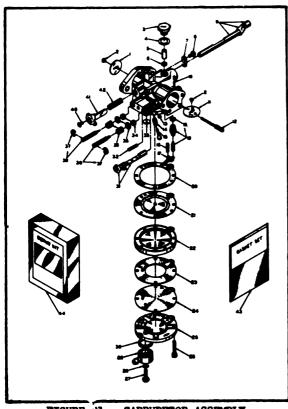
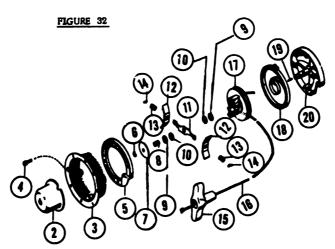


FIGURE 31 - CARBURETOR ASSEMBLY, EXPLODED VIEW.

			37		SPIKING
1		THROTTLE SHUTTER			RING
2		SHUTTER SCREW	38	••	MAIN I
3	•	FILTER PLUG SCREW			AND R
4	•	FILTER PLUG SCREW GASKET			(MAIN
8	**	FILTER FELT	39	•	IDLE M
6	•	FILTER SCREEN			AND R
7	•	THROTTLE SHAPT CLIP			(DLE 1
8	•	THROTTLE CLIP SCREW	40	•	STOP I
9		THROTTLE SHAFT & LEVER AY.	· 41		THROT
10		BODY SERVICE ASSEMBLY	42	•	THROT
11		CHOKE SHUTTER			SPRING
12	•	FULCRUM PIN ASSY.	43	,••	GASKE
13	•	WELCH PLUG (NOZZLE)	44		REPAIR
14		IDLE SPEED SPRING			
15		IDLE SPEED SCREW			
16	•	DIAPHRAGM LEVER TENSION SPRING	• INCLUDED I	n gasket se	т (ЦЗ)
17	•	DIAPHRAGM LEVER	• • INCLUDED I	n repair kit	(咐)

18	 INLET SEAT GASKET
19	INLET NEEDLE AND SEAT
	ASSEMBLY
20	 DIAPHRAGM COVER
	GASKET
21	 DIAPHRAGM ASSEMBLY
22	DIAPHRAGM COVER
23	 FUEL PUMP BODY GASKET
24	 FUEL PUMP DIAPHRAGM
25	FUEL PUMP BODY
26	BODY SCREW
27	FUEL CONNECTION
	SCREW
28	 FIBER GASKET
29	Fuel inlet connection
30	 FUEL INLET CONNECTION
	GASKET
31	CHOKE SHAPT AND LEVER
	ASSEMBLY
32	CHOKE FRICTION
	SPRING
33	WELCH PLUG (LARGE)
34	 SQUARE RING
35	ADJUSTMENT PACKING
	Washer
36	ADJUSTMENT COMPRES-
	SION SPRING
37	SPRING RETAINING
	RING
38	MAIN MIXTURE ADJUSTMEN
	AND RETAINING RING ASSY
	(MAIN MIXTURE ADJ.SCREW
39	IDLE MIXTURE ADJUSTMENT
	and retaining ring assy
	(IDLE MIXTURE ADJ.SCREW)
40	STOP LEVER SCREW
41	THROTTLE STOP LEVER
42	THROTTLE FRICTION
	SPRING
43	GASKET SET
44	REPAIR KIT



THIS STARTER OPERATES IN A COUNTERCLOCK WISE DIRECTION AS VIEWED FROM STARTER SIDE. BE SURE TO NOTE WHEN DISASSEMBLING POSITIONS OF PARTS 11, 12, and 18, AND BE SURE TO REPLACE AS REMOVED. ALSO CORD 16, SHOULD BE WOUND IN A COUNTER-CLOCK WISE DIRECTION.

FIGURE 32 - REWIAD STARTER ASSEMBLY, EXPLODED VIEW.

1	STARTER COMPLETE
2	STARTER CUP
3	MTG. FLANGE & SCREEN ASSEMBLY
4	MACHINE SCREW
5	MEDDLE FLANGE
6	RETAINER RING
7	BRAKE RETAINER WASHER
8	BRAKE SPRING
9	BRAKE WASHER
10	FIBER WASHER
	ASSEMBLY, FRICTION SHOE
	(Includes Ref. 11 through 14 below)
11	Brake Lever
12	FRICTION SHOE PLATE
13	FRICTION SHOE SPRING
14	SPRING RETAINER PLATE
15	"T" SHAPED GRIP
16	CORD
17	ROTOR
18	REWIND SPRING
19	CENTERING PIN
20	COVER

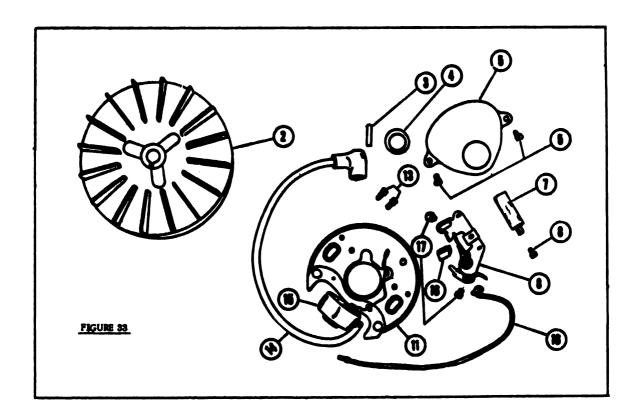


FIGURE 33 - MAGNETO ASSEMBLY, EXPLODED VIEW.

1	magneto, complete
2	ROTOR FLY WHEEL
3	FLY WHEEL KEY
4	Breaker Cam
5	COVER, BREAKER POINT SET
6	SCREWS, COVER
7	CONDENSER
8	SCREW, CONDENSER
9	BREAKER POINT SET
10	Ignition cut-off wire
11	STATOR PLATE ASSEMBLY (Includes Stator
	Plate, Coil, Core, Condenser, Breaker Pts.)
13	screws, stator plate, r.H.
14	shielded ignition wire assy.
15	COEL
16	CAM WIPER FELT
17	SCREWS, BREAKER POINT

SPECIAL MAINTENANCE TOOL LIST

PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
318923	Allen Wrench 3/16x7/8x4-1/4"
3318916A	Allen Wrench 5/32x7/8x4-1/4"
318906A	Feeler Gauge .030
318906C	Feeler Gauge .020040
3318906D	Depth Gauge
3318904	Round File 1/4"
318907A	File Guide
3319011	Repair Kit, Chain
3317999	Standard Ignition Set
318957	Screwdriver, 6"
318922	Wrench, Box, 9/16 x 5/8"

APPENDIX I

REFERENCES

1. Lubrication LO 5-3695-200-15

Lubrication Order for Saw, Chain; Gasoline Engine Driven, 18 Inch Cut (L-M Mfg. Co. Strunk Model G-3).

2. Supply Publications TM 5-3695-200-25P

Organizational, Field and Depot Maintenance Repair Parts and Special Tool Lists.

APPENDIX II

MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

1. General

This maintenance allocation chart explains all maintenance and repair functions authorized for the various echelons.

2. Maintenance

Mainteance is any action taken to keep material in a serviceable condition or to restore it to serviceability when it is unserviceable. Maintenance of material includes the following:

- a. Service. To clean, to preserve, and to replenish fuel and lubricants.
- b. Adjust. To regulate periodically to prevent malfunction.
- c. Inspect. To verify serviceability and to detect incipient mechanical failure by scrutiny.
- d. Test. To verify serviceability and to detect incipient mechanical failure by use of special equipment such as gages, meters, etc.
- e. Replace. To substitute serviceable assemblies, subassemblies, and parts for unserviceable components.
- f. Repair. To restore an item to serviceable condition through correction of a specific failure or unserviceable condition. This function includes but is not limited to inspecting, cleaning, preserving, adjusting, r e p l a c i n g, welding, riveting, and straightening.
- g. Overhaul. To restore an item to completely serviceable condition as prescribed by serviceability standards developed and published by heads of technical services. This is accomplished through employment of the technique of "inspect and repair only as necessary" (IROAN). Maximum utilization of diagnostic and test equipment is combined with minimum disassembly of the item during the overhaul process.
 - h. Rebuild. To restore an item to a standard

as near as possible to original or new condition in appearance, performance and life expectancy. This is accomplished through the maintenance technique of complete disassembly of the item, inspection of all parts or components, repair or replacement of worn or unserviceable elements using original manufacturing tolerances and/or specifications, and subsequent reassembly of the item.

3. Explanation of Columns

- a. Functional Group. The functional group is a numerical group set up on a functional basis. The applicable functional grouping indexes are taken from the Corps of Engineers Functional Grouping Indexes, and appear on the Maintenance Allocation Chart in their correct numerical sequence. These indexes are normally set up according to their proximity to each other and their function.
- b. Components and Related Operation. This column contains the functional index group heading, subgroup headings, and a brief description of the part starting with the noun name. It also designates the operation to be performed, such as service, adjust, inspect, test, replace, repair, overhaul, and rebuild.
- c. Echelon of Maintenance. This column contains the various echelons of maintenance by number designation. An X in the appropriate echelon column and in line with an indicated maintenance function, indicates the lowest echelon responsible for performing that particular function. The X does not necessarily indicate that repair parts will be stocked at that level. Echelons higher than the echelon indicated by X are authorized to perform the indicated function.
- d. Remarks. This column is used for special instructions concerning a particular function as to special tools or test equipment required, or to cross reference maintenance functions.

MAINTENANCE ALLOCATION CHART

	Components and related operation		•		4	Romark	
01	ENGINE						
0100	ENGINE ASSEMBLY					l	
	Engine	İ				1	
	Service		1		ł	l	
	Inspect				1	i	
	Test		- X			l	
	ReplaceRepair			1		l	}
	Overhaul			<u>L</u>		ł]
0102	Crankshaft	ł		 			1
V	Bearings, seals	1			ł		
	Replace		L	X		ŀ	1
	Crankshaft	ı					
	Replace		 -	. X	1		
0104	PISTONS, CONNECTING RODS			ŀ	}		
1	Bearings, Bushings			l			1
	Replace		 	. - X			
	Piston Replace	Ī		x			İ
	Rings, pins		†		1		
	Replace		L	x	1		
	Rod, connecting		i	1			
	Replace		╁	X .			
0105.1	VALVES	ļ				ł	
	Reed plate assembly			1			
	Repair		X	1		l	
	Replace		↑^				
0111.1	HAND CRANKING DEVICES	1				1	
	Starter, engine Replace	İ	x			l	
	Repair		Ī			i	
03	Fuel System						
0301	CARBURETOR	i	i	ł			
0301	Carburetor	1				l	
	Adjust	x	l				
	Replace		X				
	Repair		 -	X			Install kit
0304	AIR CLEANER:		1	ł			
	Air cleaner assembly		1				
	Service	X		İ			Ì
0306	Tanks, Lines, Fittings		l				Ī
	Tank, fuel]_		1			
	Service		l				1
	Caps, filler Replace		x	1			
	Line assembly fuel						Ì
	Replace		x	1		l	Fabricate
	Valve, shutoff		1				1
	Replace		X	1			
]				

	Components and related operation	5	E	Remarks			
tional group	Composition and I trained Options	1	2	ainten 3	4	5	
04	EXHAUST SYSTEM						
		100					
0401	MUFFLER AND PIPES						
	Muffler, exhaust						
	Replace		X				
6	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM (ENGINE AND						
	VEHICULAR)						
0604.2	MAGNETO						
	Magneto -						
	Adjust						
	Replace		_ X	x			Install kit
	Repair						install kit
0604.6	IGNITION COIL: WIRING, SPARK PLUGS						
	Spark plug Service		x				
	Adjust				- 1		
	Replace		x				_
	Wiring, spark plug						
	Replace		_ X				
0	MACHINE TOOLS AND RELATED EQUIPMENT						
7011.4	CHAIN SAWS						
1011.1	Blade, chain saw						
- 1	Adjust	x					
- 1	Inspect						
- 1	Replace						
- 1	Repair		_ X				
- 4	Bar, guide				1		-
- 1	ServiceReplace		x				
1	Repair		x		1 1		
7011.6	TAIL STOCK				1 1		
1011.0	Line assembly, oil			3.	1		
- 1	Replace		_X		1 1		Fabricate
- 1	Pump assembly, oil						
	Service				1 1		
	Replace		_ X		1 1		
-	DRIVING HEAD		0				
7011.7			0.5				
7011.7	Clutch assembly						
7011.7	Replace		X				
7011.7	Replace		X				
7011.7	Replace	17.0					

APPENDIX III

BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST

Section I. INTRODUCTION

General

Appendix III lists the accessories, tools, and publications required in 1st echelon maintenance and operation, initially issued with, or authorized for the chain saw.

2. Explanation of Columns

- a. Source Codes. The information provided in each column is as follows:
 - (1) Technical services. The basic number of the Technical Service assigned supply responsibility for the item is shown. Those spaces with no number shown are Corps of Engineers supply responsibility. Other Technical Service basic numbers are:
 - 10—Quartermaster Corps
 - 12—Adjutant General's Corps
 - (2) Source. The selection status and method of supply are indicated by the following code symbol:
 - P—Applied to repair parts which are high mortality parts, procured by technical services, stocked in and supplied from the technical service depot system, and authorized for use at the indicated maintenance echelon.
 - (3) Maintenance. The lowest maintenance echelon authorized to use, stock, install, or manufacture the part is indicated by the following code symbol:
 - O—Organizational Maintenance (1st and 2d Echelons)

- b. Federal Stock Numbers. When a Federal stock number is available for a part, it will be shown in this column, and used for requisitioning purposes.
- c. Description. The item name and a brief description of the part are shown.
- d. Unit of Issue. Where no abbreviation is shown in this column, the unit of issue is "each."
- e. Expendability. Those items classified as nonexpendable are indicated by letters NX. Items not indicated by NX are expendable.
- f. Quantity Authorized. This column lists the quantities of repair parts, accessories, tools, or publications authorized for issue to the equipment operator or crew as required.
- g. Quantity Issued with Equipment. This column lists the quantities of repair parts, accessories, tools, or publications that are initially issued with each item of equipment. Those indicated by an asterisk are to be requisitioned through normal supply channels as required.

3. Index to Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers

05665-L-M Mfg. Co., Inc.

4. Comments and Suggestions

Suggestions and recommendations for changes to the Basic Issue Items List will be submitted on DA Form 2028 to the Commanding General, U. S. Army Engineer Maintenance Center, ATTN: EMCJM, Corps of Engineers, P. O. Box 119, Columbus 16, Ohio. Direct communication is authorized.

Section II. BASIC ISSUE ITEMS LIST

	Source	oode							4.
Technical	Bource	Maintenance	Receverability	Federal stock No.	Description	Unit of issue	Expendability	Quantity Arthorized	Quantity issued with equipment
					GROUP 26 ACCESSORIES, PUBLICATIONS, TEST EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS				
					2602.1 ACCESSORIES				
10	P	O		7520-559-9618	CASE, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION MAN- UALS: cotton duck, water repellant, mildew resistant.			1	1
					2602.2 COMMON TOOLS				
10	P	0		5120-278-1283	SCREWDRIVER, FLAT TIP: plastic handle, flared tip, 5/16 in. w, 6 in. lg blade.			1	•
10	P	o		5120-184-8642	WRENCH, BOX AND OPEN END, COMBINATION: 9/16 in. opening, 12 point, 15-deg angle and offset, 7 in. lg. 2602.4 PUBLICATIONS	,		1	•
12					DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY, ORGANIZA- TIONAL, FIELD AND DEPOT MAINTENANCE REPAIR PARTS AND SPECIAL TOOL LISTS TM 5-3695-200-25P			2	2
12					DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY LUBRICATION				
					ORDER LO 5-3695-200-15			1	1

APPENDIX IV MAINTENANCE AND OPERATING SUPPLIES

HEMM	Component Application	Source of supply	Federal Stock No.	Description	Quantity required for initial operation	Quantity required for 8 hours operation	Notes
1	0306 TANK (1)	10	9130-160-1818 (2)	GASOLINE, AUTOMOTIVE COMBAT: Bulk	36.25 oz (3)	3.76 gal	 Fuel mixture is in ratio of 1 part oil to 16 parts gasoline.
	3	10	9150-231-6639 (2)	OIL, LUBRICATING 5 gal. drums, Grade 2190	3.75 oz (3)	30 oz (4)	(2) See SM10-1-C4-1 for additional data and equisitioning procedure. (3) Tank capacity is 40 oz.
a	7011.6 TAIL STOCK PUMP, CHAIN OILER (6)	10	9150-231-6639 (2)	OIL, LUBRICATING 5 gal. drums, Grade 2190	6 oz (5)	1 qt.	 (4) Average fuel consumption is .50 gal per hr of continuous operation. (5) Tank capacity: tank is part of compartmented fuel tank.
	9	10	9150-261-8157 (2)	OIL, LUBRICATING 1 gal can, Grade 2075	6 oz (5)	1 Qt.	(6) See LO 5-3695-200-15 for grade applications and replenishment intervals.

[AG 413.8 (1 Aug 60)]

By Order of Wilber M. Brucker, Secretary of the Army:

L. L. LEMNITZER, General, United States Army, Chief of Staff.

Official:

R. V. LEE,

Major General, United States Army, The Adjutant General.

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For explanation of abbreviations used, see AR 320-50.

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